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the secretary-treasurer's report for the past year was read and officers were elected for the coming year. The principal officers were re-elected, and, in addition, the following additional vice-presidents were chosen: Hon. A. C. Epperson, Clay Center; Judge H. S. Dungan, Hastings; Hon. Peter Jansen, Beatrice; John T. Bressler, Wayne; M. A. Brown, Kearney; John L. Kennedy, Mrs. C. W. Hayes, Mrs. Geo. Tilden, W. F. Baxter, and Rabbi Frederick Cohn, of Omaha. Resolutions were offered by Prof. Fred Morrow Fling, and unanimously adopted, instructing the secretary to express to President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan the society's hearty approval of their peace program, to congratulate them on the success of their efforts thus far, and to express the hope that this country may assume leadership in the work of organizing the world on a peace basis. A permanent international court, further work by the Interparliamentary Union, fostering of international administrative bureaus, the limitation of armaments, and opposition to any increase in the pay of State militia were recommended by the resolutions, which further instructed the secretary to send a copy of his communication to the President and Mr. Bryan and to each member of the Nebraska delegation in Congress.

In the evening a public meeting was held, at which Hon. John L. Kennedy, of Omaha, presided. After the singing of Handel's "Hallelujah Chorus" by a mixed chorus, Professor Fling made the principal address on "The Immediate Aims of Peace Agitation." He spoke of the trend toward world peace, due to more rapid means of communication and transportation, the tendency of common business interests to make one people of all the nations of the world. He said the people of the United States ought to lead the movement toward a general and lasting peace. Congress was criticised for seeking to set aside treaty agreements in the matter of Panama Canal tolls, and the Senate also came in for adverse criticism for failure to promptly approve treaties looking to arbitration of international disagreements.

Governor Morehead spoke briefly, expressing himself as wholly in harmony with the peace movement. He criticised the press for ill-considered action in the past in sending broadcast statements that were lacking in foundation, but said that a decided improvement is noticeable in that direction, and that the press of the country as a whole is now occupying a higher place. He expressed general satisfaction with the course of the national administration, except that he disapproved the policy of devoting so much revenue to the upbuilding of the navy and the maintenance of the army at its present size.

Peace and War Measures Before Congress.

(Legislation is introduced into either House of Congress, and bills or resolutions are numbered consecutively as filed. They are immediately referred to the appropriate committees, whose reports bring them to the originating House for passage. The following abbreviations are employed: S., Senate Bill; H. R., House of Representatives Bill; J. Res., Joint Resolution; Con. Res., Concurrent Resolution; Res., Resolution; Rept., Report.)

ARMOR PLATE.

By Mr. Carlin, of Alexandria, Va.: A bill (H. R. 12917) for the erection of a complete plant for the manufacture of

armor plate in the city of Alexandria, Va. To the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Similar bills and resolutions have been presented by Mr. Carr, of Fayette County, N. Y. (H. R. 12467); Mr. Dale, of Brooklyn, N. Y. (H. R. 14434); Mr. Edwards, of Savannah, Ga. (H. R. 12052); Mr. Kinkead, of Jersey City, N. J. (H. J. Res. 143); Mr. Shreve, of Erie, Pa. (H. R. 13043).

CENTENNIALS.

By Mr. Flood, of Virginia: A bill (H. R. 13922) to approve of the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the signing of the Treaty of Ghent between the United States of America and Great Britain and Ireland and the century of peace and amity between the United States and other nations. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs. (*Important.*)

By Mr. Linthicum, of Maryland: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 209) authorizing the President to extend invitations to foreign governments to participate through their accredited diplomatic agents to the United States in the National Star Spangled Banner Centennial Celebration. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

By Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri: Resolution (H. Res. 27) providing for an investigation touching the practicability of the study of Esperanto as an auxiliary language. To the Committee on Rules. Also H. Res. 415, to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 229) providing for a conference in the city of Washington to restore peace and order in the Republic of Mexico. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri: A resolution (H. Res. 381) in relation to the Third Hague Conference. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs; H. Rept. 416; on House Calendar. (*Support strongly.*)

By Mr. Flood, of Virginia: A bill (H. R. 13667) authorizing the appointment of an ambassador to Argentine Republic. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. Logue, of Pennsylvania: A bill (H. R. 9911) authorizing the Secretary of Commerce to ascertain the cost of establishing and maintaining United States commercial agencies in the principal cities of foreign countries, and to establish the same under certain conditions. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. Logue, of Pennsylvania: A bill (H. R. 11179) authorizing the Secretary of State to extend invitations to foreign countries to send delegates to the Fourth International Congress on Home Education. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota: A bill (S. 134) for the permanent improvement of the diplomatic and consular service. To the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. Root, of New York: A bill (S. 4437) to give effect to the provisions of a treaty between the United States and Great Britain concerning the fisheries in waters contiguous to the United States and the Dominion of Canada, signed at Washington on April 1, 1908, and ratified by the United States Senate April 13, 1908. Debated, amended and passed Senate. Referred to House Committee on Foreign Affairs. Committee discharged. Debated. (Also by Mr. Flood, of Virginia, H. R. 13300; by Mr. Swanson, of Virginia, S. 4471, and by Mr. Woodruff, of Michigan, H. R. 13978.)

By Mr. Steenerson, of Minnesota: A bill (H. R. 1680) to repeal an act entitled "An act to promote reciprocal trade relations with the Dominion of Canada, and for other purposes," approved July 26, 1911. To the Committee on Ways and Means.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

By Mr. Ainey, of Pennsylvania: Resolution (H. Res. 429) requesting the President to transmit to the House information concerning the treatment of American citizens and other persons in Mexico. To the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. Simmons, of North Carolina: A joint resolution (S. J. Res. 116) making appropriations for reimbursement of appropriations for the support of the army for the transportation and care of interned Mexican soldiers and refugees. To the Committee on Appropriations.

MILITARY AND NAVAL.

By Mr. Hardy, of Texas: A bill (H. R. 11807) to provide for the rapid defense of Gulf coast ports. To the Committee on Naval Affairs.

By Mr. Hay, of Virginia: A bill (H. R. 13453) making appropriations for the support of the army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915. H. Rept. 257 by Mr. Hay. Passed House. Referred to the Senate Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Padgett, of Tennessee: A bill (H. R. 14034) making appropriation for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915, and for other purposes. H. Rept. 314. To Committee of Whole House on the State of the Union.

In connection with this bill are: By Mr. Deitrick, of Massachusetts: Resolution (H. Res. 294) directing the Committee on Naval Affairs to report a bill providing for four battleships, one of which shall be built at a Government navy yard. To the Committee on Naval Affairs. By Mr. Kinkaid, of New Jersey: A resolution (H. Res. 284) directing the Committee on Naval Affairs to report a bill for the construction of three battleships. To the Committee on Naval Affairs. By Mr. Dale, of New York: A bill (H. R. 14231) to increase the navy. To the Committee on Naval Affairs. (*Should all be vigorously opposed.*)

By Mr. Padgett, of Tennessee: A bill (H. R. 14319) to create the grades of Admiral and Vice-Admiral in the Navy of the United States. To the Committee on Naval Affairs. Similar in effect to S. 4247, which has passed Senate and is before House (H. Rept. 377). Also by Mr. Levy, of New York (H. R. 11330). (*Should be vigorously opposed.*)

PANAMA CANAL.

By Mr. Newlands, of Nevada: A bill (S. 4472) to provide for the erection of a statue at the Panama Canal to be symbolic of universal peace, and to appropriate money therefor. To the Committee on the Library.

By Mr. Sims, of Tennessee: A bill (H. R. 14385) to amend section 5 of "An act to provide for the opening, maintenance, protection, and operation of the Panama Canal and the sanitation of the Canal Zone," approved August 24, 1912. To the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce; H. Rept. 362. Also H. R. 1922; H. Rept. 343. Passed House; sent to Senate and referred to Committee on Interoceanic Canals. (*This is the Administration measure and deserves all possible support.*)

By Mr. Williams, of Illinois: A bill (S. 4882) to erect a monument to Ferdinand de Lesseps. To the Committee on the Library.

Pamphlets Received.

RELIGION AND REVOLUTION. By Dr. Gilbert Reid. 39 pages. International Institute of China. Pamphlet No. 3. 1913. Eleven Sunday afternoon talks on the teachings of the great religions of the world concerning revolutions.

INTERNATIONAL CONTRACTUAL CLAIMS AND THEIR SETTLEMENT. By Edwin M. Borchard, Assistant Solicitor, Department of State. 60 pages. August, 1913. No. 13 of the Publications of the American Society for Judicial Settlement of International Disputes.

CODE INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC (Code de la Paix). By Émile Arnaud. Paris. Institut International de la Paix, 4, rue de Greffulhe, 1913. Notes et Commentaires. In two parts: the first deals with Representation of the Nations, and National Protection of Individuals; the second with Consulates, Legislation and Penal Jurisdiction, etc.

ALMANACH DE LA PAIX. 1914. Edited by Jacques Dumas and published by the Association de la Paix par le Droit, 10, rue Monjardin, Nîmes, France. 64 pages. Price, 6 cents. Articles on questions of the day by Theo. Ruysen, J. Prudhommeaux, Paul Allégret, David Starr Jordan and others.

PRO PACE. ALMANACCO PER LA PACE. Edited by the Società Internazionale per la Pace—Unione Lombarda, Milan, 1913. 128 pages.

PAROLE E SENTENZE DI PACE. Edited by Teodoro Serti, Dedicated to E. T. Moneta. 21, Portici Settentrionali, Milan, 1913. 96 pages.

A NEW YEAR'S LETTER—to his many young friends in the United States. By Baron D'Estournelles de Constant. December, 1913. American Association for International Conciliation. 10 pages.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERCOLLEGIATE PEACE ASSOCIATION. 1913. 12 pages. Yellow Springs, Ohio.

THE COMMON INTEREST. By George E. Roberts. Address before the New York State Bankers' Association.

THE PEACE YEAR BOOK. 1913. The National Peace Council, 167 St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S. W., London. Price, one shilling. Edited by Carl Heath, Secretary of the Council. 283 pages. Contains much valuable information about peace organizations all over the world, with several important articles by leading men on questions of the day.

VIERZIG STÄNDIGE SCHIEDSVERTRÄGE. By Dr. Hans Wehberg. 117 pages. Breslau. 1913. Price, 4 marks. This is one of the regular publications of the International Law series, edited by Messrs. Kohler, Oppenheim, and Wehberg. It is supplementary to the published collection of treaties by the Bureau of the Hague Arbitration Court and gives the text of forty treaties, beginning with that between Brazil and Chile of the 18th of May, 1899, and ending with that between Brazil and Denmark of the 27th of November, 1911. Dr. Wehberg writes an explanatory introduction of several pages. There is also a list of treaties, complete from May, 1899, to July, 1912.

DER WEG ZUM WELTFRIEDEN IM JAHRE 1913. By Alfred H. Fried. 22 pages. Pazifistische Chronik. Verlag "Der Friedenswarte," Berlin.

THE FEDERATION OF THE WHOLE WORLD. 16 pages. E. W. Cole, Book Arcade, Melbourne, Australia. Consists of eight essays, five of them being the prize essays in favor of world federation, chosen out of 660 essays contributed by writers in Australasia. There are also articles written by E. W. Cole, Henry George, and James Smith.

A WHITE AUSTRALIA IMPOSSIBLE. By E. W. Cole. 32 pages. Mr. Cole believes that not only is a "white Australia" impossible, but very undesirable. He argues that the excess population of the countries which are Australia's near neighbors—Japan, India, Java, and China—must of necessity overflow to her shores, and that they should be received as friends, and assisted to settle, instead of being repelled as undesirables or as enemies.

JAPAN SOCIETY (of New York). Year Book and Travelogue for 1913. A daintily illustrated and attractive booklet. 39 pages. 165 Broadway, New York City.

MILITARISM AND WAGES. The Effect of Militarism on Wages and Prices of Commodities. War and Peace Pamphlet No. 3. By F. Merttens, J. P. Published for the Garton Foundation, Whitehall House, London, S. W. 16 pages. Price, five cents.

POEMS. By Wilfred Earl Chase. Madison, Wis. 1913.

A collection of verse on different subjects, but treating mainly of the evils of vivisection and brutal methods of killing animals for food. The last poem in the book is entitled "Brotherhood," a study of the "sacred bond of brotherhood with creatures all."